

24/9/2018

356 $\frac{1}{2} \sin \frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cos \frac{\pi}{6} + \sqrt{2} \csc \frac{\pi}{4} + 3 \cot \frac{\pi}{3} \tan \frac{\pi}{6} + \csc \frac{\pi}{6} =$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \sqrt{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sin \frac{\pi}{4}} + \cancel{3} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\cancel{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} + \frac{1}{\sin \frac{\pi}{6}} =$$

$$\boxed{\cot \frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{1}{\tan \frac{\pi}{3}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}} = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{4} + \cancel{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{2}{\cancel{\sqrt{2}}} + 1 + 2 = \\ = 1 + 2 + 1 + 2 = 6$$

363 $\frac{a^2 \tan 45^\circ + ab \csc 30^\circ + b^2 \sec 0^\circ}{a - b \sin 270^\circ} =$

$$= \frac{a^2 + ab \cdot 2 + b^2}{a - b(-1)} = \frac{a^2 + 2ab + b^2}{a + b} = \frac{(a+b)^2}{a+b} =$$

$$= a + b$$

382

$$\csc(2\pi - \alpha) + \frac{\cos^2(2\pi - \alpha) + \sin^2\alpha}{\sin(2\pi - \alpha)} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sin(2\pi - \alpha)} + \frac{\cos^2(-\alpha) + \sin^2\alpha}{\sin(-\alpha)} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sin(-\alpha)} + \frac{\cos^2\alpha + \sin^2\alpha}{-\sin\alpha} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{-\sin\alpha} + \frac{1}{-\sin\alpha} = -\frac{2}{\sin\alpha}$$

438

$$\frac{1 - \cos(8\pi - \alpha)}{\sin(-4\pi - \alpha)\cos(6\pi - \alpha)} + \tan(\alpha - 3\pi) + \frac{1 - \cos(10\pi - \alpha)}{\tan(7\pi + \alpha)} =$$

$$= \frac{1 - \cos(-\alpha)}{\sin(-\alpha)\cos(-\alpha)} + \tan\alpha + \frac{1 - \cos(-\alpha)}{\tan\alpha} =$$

$$= \frac{1 - \cos\alpha}{-\sin\alpha\cos\alpha} + \tan\alpha + \frac{1 - \cos\alpha}{\tan\alpha} =$$

$$= \frac{\cos\alpha - 1}{\sin\alpha\cos\alpha} + \frac{\sin\alpha}{\cos\alpha} + \frac{\cos\alpha(1 - \cos\alpha)}{\sin\alpha} =$$

$$= \frac{\cancel{\cos\alpha} - 1 + \cancel{\sin^2\alpha} + \cancel{\cos^2\alpha} - \cancel{\cos^3\alpha}}{\sin\alpha\cos\alpha} =$$

$$= \frac{\cos \alpha - \cos^3 \alpha}{\sin \alpha \cos \alpha} = \frac{\cancel{\cos \alpha} (1 - \cos^2 \alpha)}{\sin \alpha \cancel{\cos \alpha}} =$$

$$= \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = \sin \alpha$$

439 $\frac{\sin(-\alpha) + \cos(180^\circ - \alpha) - \tan(180^\circ + \alpha)}{\tan(180^\circ - \alpha) - \cos(90^\circ - \alpha) - \cos(-\alpha)} =$

$$= \frac{-\sin \alpha - \cos \alpha - \tan \alpha}{-\tan \alpha - \sin \alpha - \cos \alpha} = 1$$

450 $\cos(\pi + \alpha), \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha\right), \sin\left(\frac{3}{2}\pi + \alpha\right), \cos(-\alpha)$ $\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha\right) = -\frac{7}{25}, \text{ con } \pi < \alpha < \frac{3}{2}\pi$ $\left[\frac{7}{25}; -\frac{7}{24}; \frac{7}{25}; -\frac{7}{25}\right]$

1) $\cos(\pi + \alpha) = ?$

$$\cos(\pi + \alpha) = -\cos \alpha = \frac{7}{25}$$



$$\cos \alpha = -\frac{7}{25}$$

2) $\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha\right) = -\cot \alpha = -\frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = (*)$

$$\sin \alpha = -\sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \alpha} = -\sqrt{1 - \frac{49}{625}} = -\sqrt{\frac{625 - 49}{625}} =$$

$$= -\sqrt{\frac{576}{625}} = -\frac{24}{25}$$

$$(*) = -\frac{-\frac{7}{25}}{-\frac{24}{25}} = -\frac{7}{24}$$

$$3) \sin\left(\frac{3}{2}\pi + \alpha\right) = \sin\left(\pi + \underbrace{\frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha}_{\beta}\right) = -\sin\left(\underbrace{\frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha}_{\beta}\right) =$$

$$= -\cos \alpha = \frac{7}{25}$$

$$4) \cos(-\alpha) = \cos \alpha = -\frac{7}{25}$$

484 $2\cos 225^\circ + \sqrt{3}\sin 240^\circ - \sqrt{2}\sin 315^\circ - 2\sin 150^\circ + \frac{3}{2}\tan 225^\circ =$

$$= 2\cos(180^\circ + 45^\circ) + \sqrt{3}\sin(180^\circ + 60^\circ) - \sqrt{2}\sin(360^\circ - 45^\circ) -$$

$$- 2\sin(180^\circ - 30^\circ) + \frac{3}{2}\tan(180^\circ + 45^\circ) =$$

$$= 2[-\cos 45^\circ] + \sqrt{3}[-\sin 60^\circ] - \sqrt{2}\sin(-45^\circ) -$$

$$- 2\sin 30^\circ + \frac{3}{2}\tan 45^\circ =$$

$$= -\cancel{\sqrt{2}} - \cancel{\frac{3}{2}} + \cancel{1} - \cancel{1} + \cancel{\frac{3}{2}} = -\sqrt{2}$$