

**414**  $\frac{1}{x+\sqrt{2}} < \frac{1}{x\sqrt{2}-2}$

$$[x < -\sqrt{2} \vee \sqrt{2} < x < 3\sqrt{2} + 4]$$

$$\frac{1}{x+\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{x\sqrt{2}-2} < 0$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{2}-2 - x-\sqrt{2}}{(x+\sqrt{2})(x\sqrt{2}-2)} < 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} N \\ & \frac{x(\sqrt{2}-1) - 2 - \sqrt{2}}{(x+\sqrt{2})(x\sqrt{2}-2)} < 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$N \quad x(\sqrt{2}-1) - 2 - \sqrt{2} > 0 \quad x(\sqrt{2}-1) > 2 + \sqrt{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & x > \frac{2 + \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2} - 1} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2} + 1}{\sqrt{2} + 1} = \frac{2\sqrt{2} + 2 + 2 + \sqrt{2}}{2 - 1} = \\ & = 3\sqrt{2} + 4 \end{aligned}$$

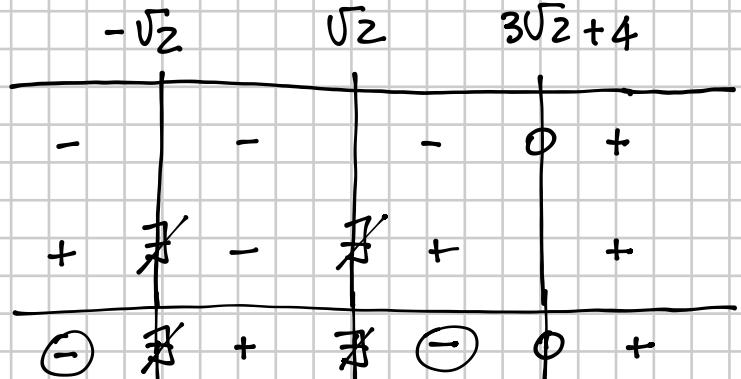
$$D \quad (x+\sqrt{2})(x\sqrt{2}-2) > 0 \quad x < -\sqrt{2} \quad \vee \quad x > \sqrt{2}$$

$$x_1 = -\sqrt{2}$$

$$x_2 = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$N > 0 \quad x > 3\sqrt{2} + 4$$

$$D > 0 \quad x < -\sqrt{2} \quad \vee \quad x > \sqrt{2}$$



$$x < -\sqrt{2} \quad \vee \quad \sqrt{2} < x < 3\sqrt{2} + 4$$

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$$\frac{(x^2 - 1)^2(x^2 - 4x)^3}{2x^2 + 1} \geq 0 \quad [x \leq 0 \vee x = 1 \vee x \geq 4]$$

D

$$N_1 > 0 \quad (x^2 - 1)^2 > 0 \quad x^2 - 1 \neq 0 \quad x \neq \pm 1 \quad (\text{per qualsiasi } x \text{ tranne per } x = \pm 1, \text{ per cui vale } 0)$$

$$N_2 > 0 \quad (x^2 - 4x)^3 > 0 \quad x^2 - 4x > 0 \quad x < 0 \vee x > 4$$

$$x(x-4)$$

$$x_1 = 0 \quad x_2 = 4$$

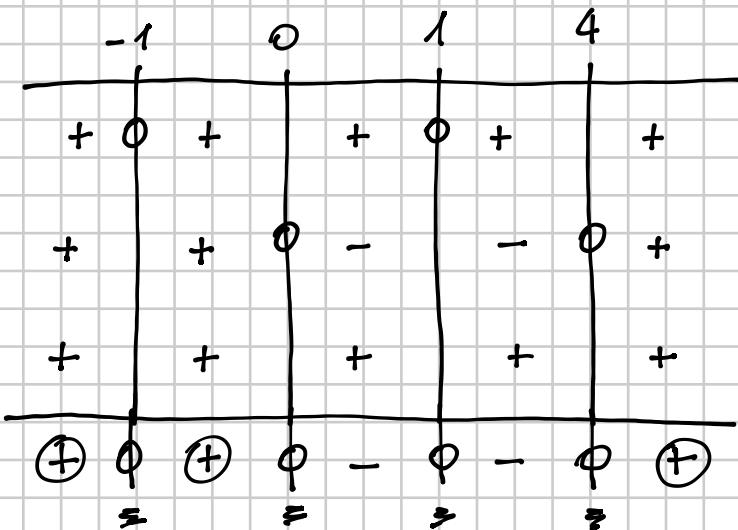
$$D > 0 \quad 2x^2 + 1 > 0 \quad \forall x$$

$$\Delta = 0^2 - 4 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 = -8 < 0$$

$$N_1 \quad x \neq \pm 1$$

$$N_2 \quad x < 0 \vee x > 4$$

$$D \quad \forall x$$



$$x \leq 0 \vee x = 1 \vee x \geq 4$$

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$$\frac{(x^2 - 2\sqrt{2}x + 2)(5x - x^2 - 7)}{3x - x^3} \geq 0$$

$$[-\sqrt{3} < x < 0 \vee x = \sqrt{2} \vee x > \sqrt{3}]$$

$$\frac{(x^2 - 2\sqrt{2}x + 2) \underset{N_1}{(x^2 - 5x + 7)} \underset{N_2}{\geq 0}}{x(x^2 - 3) \underset{D_1}{\quad} \underset{D_2}{\quad}} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{cambiare segni 2} \\ \text{volte e giro 2} \\ \text{volte il verso} \\ \text{della diseguaglianza} \end{array}$$

$$N_1 > 0 \quad x^2 - 2\sqrt{2}x + 2 > 0 \quad (x - \sqrt{2})^2 > 0 \quad x \neq \sqrt{2}$$

$$N_2 > 0 \quad x^2 - 5x + 7 > 0 \quad \forall x$$

$$\Delta = 25 - 28 = -3 < 0$$

$$D_1 > 0 \quad x > 0$$

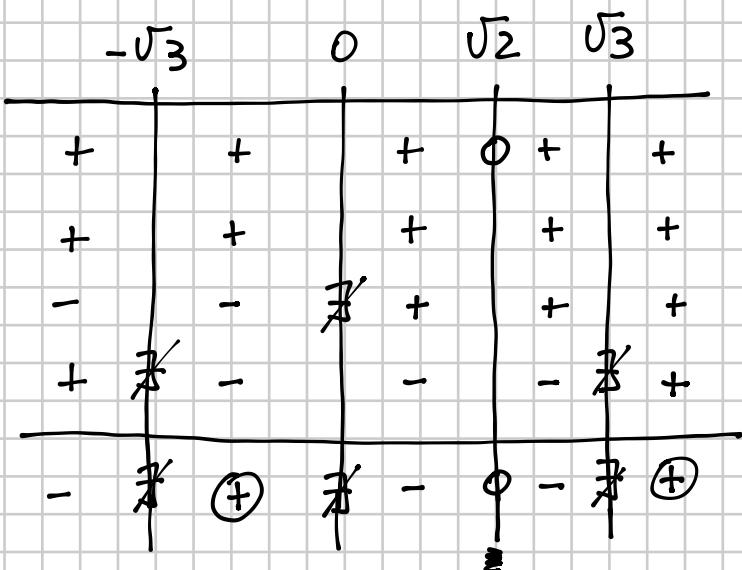
$$D_2 > 0 \quad x^2 - 3 > 0 \quad x < -\sqrt{3} \vee x > \sqrt{3}$$

$$N_1 \quad x \neq \sqrt{2}$$

$$N_2 \quad \forall x$$

$$D_1 \quad x > 0$$

$$D_2 \quad x < -\sqrt{3} \vee x > \sqrt{3}$$



$$-\sqrt{3} < x < 0 \quad \vee \quad x = \sqrt{2} \quad \vee \quad x > \sqrt{3}$$

**418**  $\frac{1}{x^2 - 6x + 9} + \frac{1}{3-x} \geq 2 \quad \left[ 2 \leq x \leq \frac{7}{2} \wedge x \neq 3 \right]$

$$\frac{1}{(x-3)^2} + \frac{1}{-(x-3)} - 2 \geq 0$$

$$\frac{1 - (x-3) - 2(x-3)^2}{(x-3)^2} \geq 0$$

$$\frac{1 - x + 3 - 2x^2 - 18 + 12x}{(x-3)^2} \geq 0 \quad \frac{-2x^2 + 11x - 14}{(x-3)^2} \geq 0$$

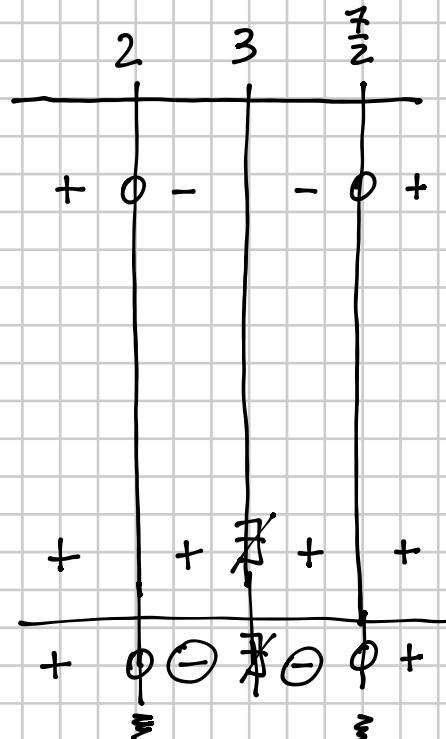
N  
 $\frac{2x^2 - 11x + 14}{(x-3)^2} \leq 0$

$$N > 0 \quad 2x^2 - 11x + 14 > 0 \quad x < 2 \vee x > \frac{7}{2}$$

$$\Delta = 121 - 112 = 9$$

$$x_{1,2} = \frac{11 \pm 3}{4} = \begin{cases} 2 \\ \frac{7}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$D > 0 \quad (x-3)^2 > 0 \quad x \neq 3$$



$$2 \leq x \leq \frac{7}{2} \wedge x \neq 3$$

effure  $2 \leq x < 3 \vee 3 < x \leq \frac{7}{2}$

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$$\begin{cases} \textcircled{1} \quad \frac{x-1}{4-x} \leq 0 \\ \textcircled{2} \quad \frac{x-3}{4} < \frac{x}{6} \end{cases}$$

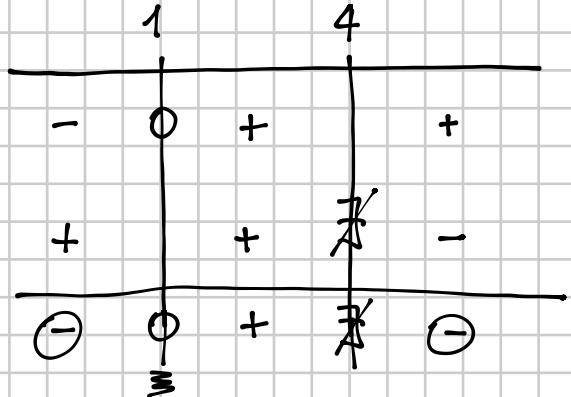
[ $x \leq 1 \vee 4 < x < 9$ ]

\textcircled{1}  $\frac{x-1}{4-x} \leq 0$

$N > 0 \quad x-1 > 0 \quad x > 1$

$D > 0 \quad 4-x > 0 \quad -x > -4 \quad x < 4$

$x \leq 1 \quad \vee \quad x > 4$



\textcircled{2}  $\frac{x-3}{4} < \frac{x}{6}$        $\frac{x-3}{4} - \frac{x}{6} < 0$        $\frac{3x-9-2x}{12} < 0$

$x-9 < 0 \quad x < 9$

\textcircled{1}  $x \leq 1 \quad \vee \quad x > 4$

\textcircled{2}  $x < 9$

